### NH SWIMMING BEACHES AT A GLANCE

# **Thorndike Pond Beach**

29 Hazen Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301 • (603) 271-3503 • www.des.nh.gov



To protect the public from possible illness while swimming, the NH Beach Program monitors water for fecal bacteria and cyanobacteria from nearly 200 beaches each summer. Freshwater beaches are typically sampled once a month and most of the coastal beaches are sampled twice a week. Towns and other agencies also monitor and report results to NHDES. Bacterial results higher than the state criteria indicate contact with the water could put swimmers at risk of getting sick from harmful microscopic organisms in the water. When bacteria levels are high, NHDES issues an advisory and immediately resamples the beach. Once the bacteria levels no longer exceed the state criteria, the advisory is removed. Advisories DO NOT close a beach. The decision to close a beach is left with the beach owner.



posted to let the public know the beach is tested regularly for fecal bacteria. Details on participating beaches are available online.

www.des.nh.gov

## **ADVISORY**

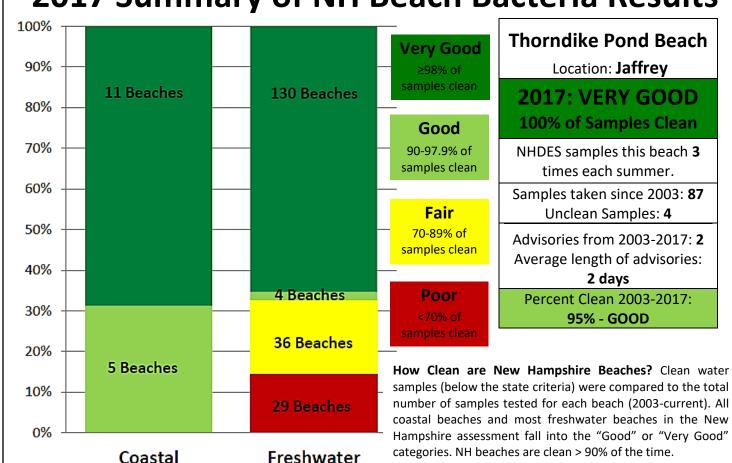
High levels of BACTERIA have been detected in this WATER.

N.H. Dept. of Environmental Services

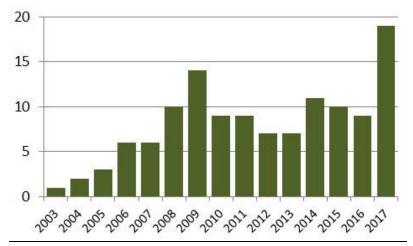
WATER CURRENTLY NOT SUITABLE FOR WADING OR SWIMMING! <u>-Yellow</u>- signs are displayed at beach entry points when bacteria advisories are issued. Alerts and results are posted online.



# 2017 Summary of NH Beach Bacteria Results

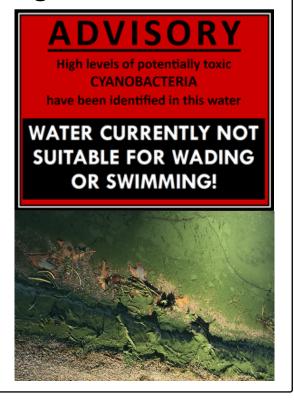


## **Beach Advisories & Lake Warnings for Blooms**



Since 2003, at least 50 freshwater beaches in New Hampshire have reported a cyanobacteria bloom event occurring at least once in a summer. There were 19 cyanobacteria beach advisories and lake warnings recorded by NHDES in 2017. Increased public awareness has likely caused more blooms to be reported.

<u>-Red-</u> signs indicate a cyanobacteria beach advisory or lake warning is in effect. These warnings are also posted online (www.des.nh.gov).





#### Avoid Cyanobacteria at the Beach!

If you see slimy or scummy water with green, blue-green or red clouds, it could be a bloom. Cyanobacteria blooms are caused by excess nutrients from fertilizer, storm water, and runoff that facilitate their growth. In large quantities, cyanobacteria can be harmful as they may produce toxins. NHDES advises humans and animals to avoid all contact and report a suspected bloom. The NHDES Beach Program posts advisories to warn swimmers when blooms are confirmed at a beach or within a waterbody in NH. Contact the Beach Program to report a sighting of a potentially cvanobacteria bloom. confirmed bloom photos to the Bloom Watch App (cyanos.org).

### Stay Connected with the Beach Program

Current advisories posted at www.des.nh.gov.
At left, click on:



Subscribe to our newsletter.

Select "Beach Advisories" at:

http://des.nh.gov/media/enews/index.htm

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Questions about beaches and sampling can be directed to:

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